TRI PROJECT FACILITY SHEET

Facility Name: American Electric Power Conesville Plan
Address: 47201 County Road 273
City, ST, Zip Code: Cones Ville, OH 43811
County: COLL OCTOR
Contact Person: Patrick A. Dal Porto Title: Manager, Air Quality Services.
Title: Manager 1 of Que 1 tan Selvices
Chemical Name: Wydro Ch loric Acid
One Time Release: YN Quantity:
ERNS Report: \(\frac{1}{N}\) Chemical Name:
Total Released 2003: 1 (00,000/260 = 2-538 Per Day
Continuous Release Report: Y/N Chemical Name:
Air Permit: Y/N Water Permit: Y/N
Inventory Reporting Section 312(Y/N
Chemical Name: Hydrogen Stworde . One Time Release: YN Quantity:
One Time Release: YN Quantity:
ERNS Report: VN Chemical Name:
<u> </u>
Total Released 2003: 390 grad /260= 1500 Pe/day Continuous Release Report W/N Chamical Name:
Continuous Release Report: Y/N Chemical Name:
Air Permit: Y/N Water Permit: Y/N
Chemical Name: Sulfaric Acid.
One Time Release: YN Quantity:
ERNS Report: Y(N) Chemical Name:
Quantity: Total Released 2003: 220 00/260 = 2769 Perdex .
Continuous Release Report: (Y/N Chemical Name:
Air Permit: Y/N Water Permit: Y/N
7
Chemical Name:
One Time Release: Y/N Quantity:
ERNS Report: Y/N Chemical Name:
Quantity:
Total Released 2003:
Continuous Release Report: Y/N Chemical Name:
Air Permit: Y/N Water Permit: Y/N

AMERICAN ELECTRIC POWER

May 11, 2001

U.S. EPA Region V Office of CEPP Chemical Preparedness 77 West Jackson Blvd. Chicago, IL 60604

Re:

American Electric Power

Annual Follow-up Continuous Release Notification

Dear Sir or Madam:

Please find enclosed first anniversary follow-up reports on continuous release notifications for the following facilities:

Facility Name	CR-ERNS Number	Facility Location
Big Sandy Plant	522751	Louisa, KY 41230
Cardinal Plant	5 22 824, 522825 & 522827	Brilliant, OH 43913
Conesville Plant	(522818, <i>\$</i> 22820, 522822 & 522823	Conesville, OH 43811
Gavin Plant	522747 & 522748	Cheshire, OH 45620
Kammer Plant	522800	Moundsville, WV 26041
Mitchell Plant	522794	Moundsville, WV 26041
Mountaineer Plant	522753	New Haven, WV 25265
Muskingum River Plant	522754 & 522755	Waterford, OH 45786
Picway Plant	522789	Lockbourne, OH 43137
Rockport Plant	522778	Rockport, IN 47635
Philip Sporn Plant	522816 & 522817	New Haven, WV 25265

These reports are being submitted in accordance with 40 CFR §302.8 to follow up initial written notifications made in May 2000. These reports were prompted by the issuance of an interim guidance document by the Environmental Protection Agency on December 21, 1999 giving notice of specific interpretations of the definition of a "federally permitted release" under Section 101 (10)(H) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA). AEP does not agree with the positions announced in the guidance and has participated in the review and evaluation of the initial guidance and subsequent guidance documents. However, the enclosed reports are based on the interpretations announced in the interim guidance.

Please note that the emissions reported in the enclosed reports represent a range of levels at which individual hazardous constituents may be present in the emissions associated with the normal operations of the major sources at our power plants. They do not represent "emergency" conditions, pose threats to public health or welfare or require specific emergency response or planning activities. Actual emissions will vary with hours of operation, fuel quality and other factors.

If you have any questions concerning the enclosed reports, please contact me at (614) 223-1246.

Sincerely.

Thomas R. Zelina

Thomas & John

Manager, Waste Management and Mediation Services

Santage of the Spring

SECTION	I: GENERAL INFORMATION		CR-ERNS N	Sumber: 522818; 522820; 522822; 522823
			Date of Initia	ll Call to NRC: 03/13/00
	First Anniversary ritten Notification X Report		written Notifice of a Change to Initial Notifica	of a Change to
quantity and r	tement: I certify that the hazardous substate under the definitions in 40 CFR 302.8(a turrent to the best of my knowledge.	ı) or	355.4(a)(2)(iii) an	nd that all submitted information is
	5/8/01 / Date	Ys.	ule Don	e and Position FOR DAN ignature LATISITY
Part A. Fac	ility or Vessel Information			
Name of Fac	*** <u>-</u>			Conesville Unit No. 3, esville Unit Nos. 5 and 6
Person in Charge	Name of Person in Charge Dan Lam	ber	t	
of Facility	Position Plant Manager			
or Vessel Facility	Telephone No. (740) 829-4101		Alternate Tele	ephone No. ()
Address or	Street 47201 County Road 273		Co	ounty Coshocton
Vessel Port of Registration	City Conesville		Sta	ate OH Zip Code 43811
	dstreet Number for Facility .	069	068450	
Facility/Vess Location	Latitude Deg 040 Min Longitude Deg 081 Min L		Sec <u>08</u> Sec <u>48</u>	Vessel LORAN Coordinates
Part B. Pop	ulation Information			
Population Density	Choose the range that describes the popula (Indicate by placing an "X" in the appropriate of the control of the	ate t		s more than 1000 persons
Sensitive Populations	Sensitive Populations or Eco (e.g., schools, hospitals, wetlands, wild	•		Distance and direction from facility
and Ecosystems Within One Mile Radius	Conesville Elementary School Wetland Wetland			3/4-mi., N.W. 3/4-mi., N. 1/2-mi., S.

- ·

CR-ERNS Number: 522818; 522820;

Part A: Basis for Asserting the Release is Continuous and Stable in Quantity and Rate.

For EACH source of a release of a hazardous substance or mixture from your facility or vessel, provide the following information on a SEPARATE sheet. Photocopy this page if necessary.

Name of Source:	Conesville Stack CS012	
. Indicate whether the release	from this source is either:	
continuous without interrupt	ionOR routine, anticipat	ed, intermittent X
	nt results in the release from this source (e.g., bar malfunction and explain why the release from the antity and rate.*	
The releases associated with for production of electricity	this source result from the combustion of fossil fo	uels to produce steam energy
circumstances that may be o	identified substances include periods of startup and lefined as malfunctions under other state and feder actusion in 40 CFR Part 302.8 Continuous Releases 355 Emergency Planning and Notification.	al regulatory programs but
reference into 40 Cr K r mr.		
•		
3. Identify below how you est	tablished the pattern of release and calculated rel	ease estimates.
X Past release data	X Knowledge of the facility/vessel's operations and release history	X Engineering estimate
X AP-42	X Best professional judgment	Other (explain)

^{*} Note that unanticipated events, such as spills, pipe ruptures, equipment failures, emergency shutdowns, or accidents, do not qualify for reduced reporting under CERCLA section 103(f)(2). Unanticipated events are not incidental to normal operations and, by definition, are not continuous or anticipated, and are not sufficiently predictable or regular to be considered stable in quantity and rate.

SECTION II: SOURCE INFORMATION (continued)

CR-ERNS Number:

522818; 522820;

522822; 522823

Nama	۸f	Source:
Name	\mathbf{or}	Source:

Conesville Stack CS012

Part B: Specific Information on the Source

For the source identified above, provide the following information. Please provide a SEPARATE sheet for EACH source. Photocopy this page if necessary.

AFFECTED MEDIUM. Identify the environmental medium (i.e., air, surface water, soil, or ground water) that is affected by the release from this source. If your source releases hazardous substances to more than one medium (e.g., a wastepile releasing to air and ground water), treat the release to EACH medium as a separate source and complete Section II, Parts A, B, and C, of this format for EACH medium affected.

	IR X (stack X or area) If the medium affected is air, please also specify whether the urce is a stack or a ground-based area source.
,	If identified source is a stack, indicate stack height: 450 feet or meters: OR
1	If identified source is an area source (e.g., waste pile, landfill, valves, tank vents, pump seals, fugitive emissions), indicate surface area: square feet or square meters.
2 SI	URFACE WATER (stream, lake, or other)
,	If the release affects any surface water body, give the name of the water body.
*	If the release affects a stream, give the stream order or average flow rate, in cubic feet per second. stream order: or average flow rate: cubic feet/second; OR
1	If the release affects a lake, give the surface area of the lake in acres and the average depth in meters. surface area of lake: acres and average depth of lake: meters.
2 SC	DIL OR GROUND WATER

Optional Information

The following information is not required in the final rule; however, such information will assist EPA in evaluating the risks associated with the continuous release. If this information is not provided, EPA will make conservative assumptions about the appropriate values. Please note that the units specified below are suggested units. You may use other units; however, be certain that the units are clearly identified.

For a stack release to information, if availab	air, provide the following ble:
Inside diameter	feet or meters
Gas Exit Velocity	feet/second or
	meters/second
Gas Temperature	degrees Fahrenheit.
	Kelvin, or Celsius

For a release to surface water, provide the following information, if available:

Average Velocity ______ feet/second

of Surface Water

SECTION II: SOURCE INFORMATION (continued)

CR-ERNS Number: 522822; 52

522818; 522820;

Part C. Identity and Quantity of Each Hazardous Substance or Mixture Released From Each Source

Please provide a SEPARATE sheet for EACH source. Photocopy this page if necessary.

Name of Source:

Conesville Stack CS012

List each hazardous substance released from the source identified above and provide the following information. (For an example, see Table 1 of Reporting Requirements for Continuous Releases of Hazardous Substances - A Guide for Facilities and Vessels on Compliance.)

		Norma	Normal Range	Number of Days	Total Quantity	
		(in lbs. east	(in lbs. easkgaper day)*	Release Occurs	Released in Previous Year	Months of the
Name of Hazardous Substance	CASRN#	Upper Bound	Lower Bound	(per year)	(in Ibs. okke)*	Release
Nitrogen oxide	10102439	99,622	57,871	365	13,600,524	12
Nitrogen dioxide	10102440	5,243	3,046	365	715,800	12
Hydrochloric acid	7647010	4,212	2,297	365	000,096	12
Hydrogen fluoride	7664393 ~	430	235	365	81,000	12
Sulfuric acid	7664939	2,593	1,506	365	374,000	12
Calcium arsenate	7778441	5.2	1.5	365	354	12
Mercury	7439976	0.9	0.5	365	194	12
Selenium dioxide	7446084	11.8	4.1	365	2,352	12
Acrolein	107028	0.2	0.1	365	27	12
Cyanides	57125	8.9	4.4	365	1,475	12

List each mixture released from the source identified above and provide the following information. (For an example, see Table 2 of Reporting Requirements for Continuous Releases of Hazardous Substances - A Guide for Facilities and Vessels on Compliance.)

,		Months	of the	Release
	lotal Quantity of	Mixture Keleased	in Previous Year	(in lbs. or kg)
	Number of	Days Release	Occurs	(per year)
Normal Range of		(in lbs. or kg per day)*		
Normal Range of	Components		Weight Upper Lower	Percentage Bound Bound
				CASRN#
	Name of	Hazardous	Substance	Components
	:			Name of Mixture

* Please be sure to include units where appropriate. Also, if the release is a radionuclide, units of curies (CI) are appropriate.

CR-ERNS Number: 522818; 522820;

522822; 522823

Part A: Basis for Asserting the Release is Continuous and Stable in Quantity and Rate.

For EACH source of a release of a hazardous substance or mixture from your facility or vessel, provide the following information on a SEPARATE sheet. Photocopy this page if necessary.

Name of Source:	Conesville Stack 3	
1. Indicate whether the release	from this source is either:	
continuous without interrupt	ion OR routine, anticipate	ed, intermittent X
If malfunction, describe the continuous and stable in qua. The releases associated with for production of electricity. Calculations for releases of circumstances that may be comeet the requirements for in	this source result from the combustion of fossil fu	ne malfunction should be considered uels to produce steam energy d shutdown and certain ai regulatory programs but
-	·	
3. Identify below how you est	tablished the pattern of release and calculated rel	ease estimates.
X Past release data	X Knowledge of the facility/vessel's operations and release history	X Engineering estimate
<u>X</u> AP-42	X Best professional judgment	Other (explain)

^{*} Note that unanticipated events, such as spills, pipe ruptures, equipment failures, emergency shutdowns, or accidents, do not qualify for reduced reporting under CERCLA section 103(f)(2). Unanticipated events are not incidental to normal operations and, by definition, are not continuous or anticipated, and are not sufficiently predictable or regular to be considered stable in quantity and rate.

(continued)

CR-ERNS Number: 522818

522818; 522820; 522822; 522823

Name of Sou	rce: Conesville Stack 3
Part B: Speci	fic Information on the Source
	identified above, provide the following information. Please provide a SEPARATE H source. Photocopy this page if necessary.
affected by the rele wastepile releasing	DIUM. Identify the environmental medium (i.e., air, surface water, soil, or ground water) that is ease from this source. If your source releases hazardous substances to more than one medium (e.g., a g to air and ground water), treat the release to EACH medium as a separate source and complete A, B, and C, of this format for EACH medium affected.
1 - '	stack X or area) If the medium affected is air, please also specify whether the ack or a ground-based area source.
. If identi	ified source is a stack, indicate stack height: 450 feet oxxxettors; OR
1	ified source is an area source (e.g., waste pile, landfill, valves, tank vents, pump seals, fugitive ns), indicate surface area: square feet or square meters.
	WATER (stream, lake, or other)
if the re	elease affects any surface water body, give the name of the water body.
1 .	elease affects a stream, give the stream order or average flow rate, in cubic feet per second. order: or average flow rate: cubic feet/second; OR
	elease affects a lake, give the surface area of the lake in acres and the average depth in meters. area of lake: acres and average depth of lake: meters.
	ROUND WATER on or under ground, indicate the distance to the closest water well.
	Optional Information
The followi	ng information is not required in the final rule; however, such information will assist EPA in

The following information is not required in the final rule; however, such information will assist EPA in evaluating the risks associated with the continuous release. If this information is not provided, EPA will make conservative assumptions about the appropriate values. Please note that the units specified below are suggested units. You may use other units; however, be certain that the units are clearly identified.

For a stack release to air, provide the following information, if available:

Inside diameter _____ feet or meters

Gas Exit Velocity _____ feet/second or meters/second

Gas Temperature _____ degrees Fahrenheit,

Kelvin, or Celsius

For a release to surface water, provide the following information, if available:

Average Velocity ______ feet/second of Surface Water

SECTION II: SOURCE INFORMATION (continued)

522820; 522818; CR-ERNS Number:

522822; 522823

Part C. Identity and Quantity of Each Hazardous Substance or Mixture Released From Each Source

Please provide a SEPARATE sheet for EACH source. Photocopy this page if necessary.

Name of Source:

Conesville Stack

List each hazardous substance released from the source identified above and provide the following information. (For an example, see Tuble 1 of Reporting Requirements for Continuous Releases of Hazardous Substances - A Guide for Facilities and Vessels on Compliance.)

		Normal Range (in lbs. ærkg per day)*	Normal Range lbs. @Rkg per day)*	Number of Days Release Occurs	Total Quantity Released in Previous Year	Months of the
Name of Hazardous Substance	CASRN#	Upper Bound	Lower Bound	(per year)	(in lbs. orkg)*	Release
Nitrogen oxide	10102439	31,303	13,008	365	3,136,000	1.2
Nitrogen dioxide	10102440	1,648	685	365	165,000	12
Hydrochloric acid	7647010	2,722	1,068	365	580,000	12
Hydrogen fluoride	7664393	278	109	365	49,000	12
Sulfuric acid **	7664939	1,720	280	365	113,000	12
Calcium arsenate 🖔	7778441	3.4	0.7	365	352	12
Mercury ~	7439976	9.0	£ 0	365	118	12
Selenium dioxide	7446084	7.6	2.8	365	1,424	12
Acrolein	107028	0.1	0.0	365	17	12
Cyanides 🗸	57125	7.6	3.8	365	892	12

List each mixture released from the source identified above and provide the following information. (For an example, see Table 2 of Reporting Requirements for Continuous Releases of Hazardous Substances - A Guide for Facilities and Vessels on Compliance.)

	•	Months	of the	Release
	Total Quantity of	, Mixture Released	in Previous Year	(in lbs. or kg)
				(per year)
Normal Range of	Mixture	(in lbs. or kg per day)*	Upper Lower	Bound Bound
Normal Range of		(in lbs. or kg per day)*	Upper Lower	Bound Bound
			Weight	CASRN# Percent
	Name of	Hazardous		Components CAS
				Name of Mixture

^{*} Please be sure to include units where appropriate. Also, if the release is a radionuclide, units of curies (CI) are appropriate,

CR-ERNS Number: 522818; 522820;

Part A: Basis for Asserting the Release is Continuous and Stable in Quantity and Rate.

For EACH source of a release of a hazardous substance or mixture from your facility or vessel, provide the following information on a SEPARATE sheet. Photocopy this page if necessary.

Name of Source:	Conesville Stack 4	
1. Indicate whether the release	from this source is either:	
continuous without interrupt	onOR routine, anticipate	ed, intermittent X
If malfunction, describe the continuous and stable in qua. The releases associated with for production of electricity. Calculations for releases of circumstances that may be of meet the requirements for in	this source result from the combustion of fossil fu	ne malfunction should be considered nels to produce steam energy d shutdown and certain al regulatory programs but
3. Identify below how you est	ablished the pattern of release and calculated rel	ease estimates.
X Past release data	X Knowledge of the facility/vessel's operations and release history	X Engineering estimate
<u>X</u> AP-42	X Best professional judgment	Other (explain)
	·	·

^{*} Note that unanticipated events, such as spills, pipe ruptures, equipment failures, emergency shutdowns, or accidents, do not qualify for reduced reporting under CERCLA section 103(f)(2). Unanticipated events are not incidental to normal operations and, by definition, are not continuous or anticipated, and are not sufficiently predictable or regular to be considered stable in quantity and rate.

SECTION II: SOURCE INFORMATION (continued)	522818; 522820; CR-ERNS Number: 522822; 522823
Name of Source: Conesville Stack	: 4
Part B: Specific Information on the Source	
For the source identified above, provide the foll sheet for EACH source. Photocopy this page is	owing information. Please provide a SEPARATE f necessary.
AFFECTED MEDIUM. Identify the environmental med affected by the release from this source. If your source relewastepile releasing to air and ground water), treat the release Section II, Parts A, B, and C, of this format for EACH me	eases hazardous substances to more than one medium (e.g., a see to EACH medium as a separate source and complete
O AIR X (stack X or area) If the medisource is a stack or a ground-based area source.	ium affected is air, please also specify whether the
If identified source is a stack, indicate stack heigh	ght: 800 feet anometers; OR
If identified source is an area source (e.g., waste emissions), indicate surface area: square	e pile, landfill, valves, tank vents, pump seals, fugitive feet or square meters.
SURFACE WATER (stream, lake	_ , or other)
If the release affects any surface water body, gi	ve the name of the water body.
If the release affects a stream, give the stream or stream order: or average flow rate:	rder or average flow rate, in cubic feet per second. cubic feet/second; OR
1	of the lake in acres and the average depth in meters.
surface area of lake: acres and average de	epth of lake: meters.
SOIL OR GROUND WATER If the release is on or under ground, indicate the distance	to the closest water well.
Optional In	formation
	elease. If this information is not provided, EPA will riate values. Please note that the units specified below

For a stack release to air, provide the following information, if available:

Inside diameter _____ feet or meters

Gas Exit Velocity _____ feet/second or meters/second

Gas Temperature _____ degrees Fahrenheit.

Kelvin, or Celsius

SECTION II: SOURCE INFORMATION (continued)

CR-ERNS Number: 5228

522818; 522820; 522822; 522823

Part C. Identity and Quantity of Each Hazardous Substance or Mixture Released From Each Source

Please provide a SEPARATE sheet for EACH source. Photocopy this page if necessary.

Name of Source:

Conesville Stack 4

List each hazardous substance released from the source identified above and provide the following information. (For an example, see Table 1 of Reporting Requirements for Continuous Releases of Hazardous Substances - A Guide for Facilities and Vessels on Compliance.)

		Norma	Normal Range	Number of Days	Total Quantity	W (088)
		(in lbs. arkg per day)*	\$ per day)*	Release Occurs	Released in Previous Year	Months of the
Name of Hazardous Substance	CASRN#	Upper Bound	Lower Bound	(per year)	(in lbs. Brkg)*	Release
Nitrogen oxide	10102439	120,743	34,522	365	17,600,000	12
Nitrogen dioxide	10102440	6,355	1,817	365	930,000	12
Hydrochloric acid	7647010	10,620	2,850	365	2,720,000	12
Hydrogen fluoride	7664393	1,084	291	365	230,000	1.2
Sulfuric acid	7664939	3,868	745	365	442,000	12
Mercury	7439976	2.3	9.0	365	538	12
Selenium dioxide	7446084	29.8	5.7	365	6,688	12
Calcium arsenate ~	7778441	13.5	1.9	365	1,756	12
Cyanides .	57125	17.8	5.6	365	4,241	12
Acrolein	107028	0.3	0.1	365	7.7	12

List each mixture released from the source identified above and provide the following information. (For an example, see Table 2 of Reporting Requirements for Continuous Releases of Hazardous Substances - A Guide for Facilities and Vessels on Compliance.)

•	Months	of the	Release
Total Quantity of	e Mixture Released	in Previous Year	(in lbs. or kg)
Number of	Days Release	Occurs	(per year)
Normal Range of Mixture	(in lbs. or kg per day)*	Upper Lower	Bound Bound
Normal Range of Components	in lbs. or kg per day)*	Upper Lower	Bound Bound
	•	Weight	Percentage
			CASRN#
Name of	Hazardous	Substance	Components
			Name of Mixture

^{*} Please be sure to include units where appropriate: Also, if the release is a radionuclide, units of curies (CI) are appropriate.

CR-ERNS Number:

522818; 522820;

522822 - 522823

Part A: Basis for Asserting the Release is Continuous and Stable in Quantity and Rate.

For EACH source of a release of a hazardous substance or mixture from your facility or vessel, provide the following information on a SEPARATE sheet. Photocopy this page if necessary.

Name of Source: Conesville Stack CS056	
Indicate whether the release from this source is either: continuous without interruption OR routine, antice	cipated, intermittent X
2. Identify the activity(ies) that results in the release from this source (e.g. If malfunction, describe the malfunction and explain why the release from continuous and stable in quantity and rate.* The releases associated with this source result from the combustion of for production of electricity. Calculations for releases of identified substances include periods of startucing circumstances that may be defined as malfunctions under other state and meet the requirements for inclusion in 40 CFR Part 302.8 Continuous Reference into 40 CFR Part 355 Emergency Planning and Notification.	om the malfunction should be considered ssil fuels to produce steam energy up and shutdown and certain federal regulatory programs but
Identify below how you established the pattern of release and calculate	ed release estimates.
X Past release data X Knowledge of the facility/vessel's operations and release history	s X Engineering estimate
X AP-42 X Best professional judgment	Other (explain)

^{*} Note that unanticipated events, such as spills, pipe ruptures, equipment failures, emergency shutdowns, or accidents, do not qualify for reduced reporting under CERCLA section 103(f)(2). Unanticipated events are not incidental to normal operations and, by definition, are not continuous or anticipated, and are not sufficiently predictable or regular to be considered stable in quantity and rate.

(continued)

CR-ERNS Number:

522818; 522820;

522822; 522823

Maille of Source.	Name	of	Source:
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Conesville Stack CS056

Part B: Specific Information on the Source

For the source identified above, provide the following information. Please provide a SEPARATE sheet for EACH source. Photocopy this page if necessary.

AFFECTED MEDIUM. Identify the environmental medium (i.e., air, surface water, soil, or ground water) that is affected by the release from this source. If your source releases hazardous substances to more than one medium (e.g., a wastepile releasing to air and ground water), treat the release to EACH medium as a separate source and complete Section II, Parts A, B, and C, of this format for EACH medium affected.

0	AIRX (stackX or area) If the medium affected is air, please also specify whether the source is a stack or a ground-based area source.
	If identified source is a stack, indicate stack height: 800 feet on meters: OR
,	If identified source is an area source (e.g., waste pile, landfill, valves, tank vents, pump seals, fugitive emissions), indicate surface area: square feet or square meters.
0	SURFACE WATER (stream, lake, or other)
,	If the release affects any surface water body, give the name of the water body.
	If the release affects a stream, give the stream order or average flow rate, in cubic feet per second. stream order: or average flow rate: cubic feet/second; OR
•	If the release affects a lake, give the surface area of the lake in acres and the average depth in meters. surface area of lake: acres and average depth of lake: meters.
	SOIL OR GROUND WATER the release is on or under ground, indicate the distance to the closest water well.

Optional Information

The following information is not required in the final rule; however, such information will assist EPA in evaluating the risks associated with the continuous release. If this information is not provided, EPA will make conservative assumptions about the appropriate values. Please note that the units specified below are suggested units. You may use other units; however, be certain that the units are clearly identified.

For a stack release to information, if availab	air, provide the following
Inside diameter	feet or meters
Gas Exit Velocity	feet/second or "
•	meters/second
Gas Temperature	degrees Fahrenheit,
	Kelvin, or Celsius

For a release to surface water, provide the following information, if available:

Average Velocity _____ feet/second of Surface Water

SECTION II: SOURCE INFORMATION (continued)

CR-ERNS Number: 522818;

522818; 522820; 522822; 522823

Part C. Identity and Ouantity of Each Hazardous Substance or Mixture Released From Each Source

Please provide a SEPARATE sheet for EACII source. Photocopy this page if necessary.

Name of Source:

Conesville Stack CS056

97957 List each hazardous substance released from the source identified above and provide the following information. (For an example, see Table 1 of Reporting Requirements for Continuous Releases of Hazardous Substances - A Guide for Facilities and Vessels on Compliance.)

		Norma	Normal Range	Number of Days	Total Quantity	なるのでして
		(in Ibs. sark	(in lbs. arking per day)*	Release Occurs	Released in Previous Year Months of the	Months of the
Name of Hazardous Substance	CASRN#	Upper Bound	Lower Bound	(per year)	(in lbs. nakg)*	Release
Nitrogen oxide	10102439	129,130	35,035	365	19,570,000	12
Nitrogen dioxide	10102440	6,796	1,844	365	1,030,000	12
Hydrochloric acid	7647010	12,819	3,184	365	611,000	12
Hydrogen fluoride	7664393	1,309	325	365	46,000	12
Sulfuric acid <	7664939	3,381	408	365	320,000	12
Mercury	7439976	2.2	0.5	365	343	12
Selenium dioxide	7446084	36.0	6.3	365	1,749	12
Calcium arsenate	7778441	11.5	1.5	365	1,132	12
Cyanides -	57125	22.9	5.9	365	5,002	12
Acrolein	107028	0.4	0.1	365	06	12

List each mixture released from the source identified above and provide the following information. (For an example, see Table 2 of Reporting Requirements for Continuous Releases of Hazardous Substances A Guide for Facilities and Vessels on Compliance.)

	•	Months	of the	Release
	Total Quantity of	Mixture Released	in Previous Year	(in lbs. or kg)
	Number of	Days Release	Occurs	(per year)
Normal Kange of	Mixture	(in lbs. or kg per day)*	Upper Lower	Bound Bound
Normal Fange of	Components	lbs. or kg per day)*	Upper Lower	Bound Bound
		i.)	Weight	Percentage
				CASRN#
	Name of .	Hazardous	Substance	Components
		•		Name of Mixture

^{*} Please be sure to include units where appropriate. Also, if the release is a radionuclide, units of curies (CI) are appropriate.

CR-ERNS Number: 522818; 522820;

522822; 522823

Part A: Basis for Asserting the Release is Continuous and Stable in Quantity and Rate.

For EACH source of a release of a hazardous substance or mixture from your facility or vessel, provide the following information on a SEPARATE sheet. Photocopy this page if necessary.

. Indicate whether the release	from this source is either:	
continuous without interrupt	ionOR routine, anticipat	ted, intermittent
	nt results in the release from this source (e.g., ba malfunction and explain why the release from t antity and rate.*	
Combustion of fuel o	oil to produce steam for heat or u	nit start-up.
	•	
	•	
3. Identify below how you est	ablished the pattern of release and calculated re	lease estimates.
X Past release data	X Knowledge of the facility/vessel's operations and release history	X Engineering estimate
<u>X</u> AP-42	X Best professional judgment	Other (explain)
	·	

^{*} Note that unanticipated events, such as spills, pipe ruptures, equipment failures, emergency shutdowns, or accidents, do not qualify for reduced reporting under CERCLA section 103(f)(2). Unanticipated events are not incidental to normal operations and, by definition, are not continuous or anticipated, and are not sufficiently predictable or regular to be considered stable in quantity and rate.

SECTION II: SOURCE INFORMATION (continued)

CR-ERNS Number:

522818; 522820; 522822; 522823

Name of Source: Conesville Au

Conesville Auxiliary Boiler 4

Part B: Specific Information on the Source

For the source identified above, provide the following information. Please provide a SEPARATE sheet for EACH source. Photocopy this page if necessary.

AFFECTED MEDIUM. Identify the environmental medium (i.e., air, surface water, soil, or ground water) that is affected by the release from this source. If your source releases hazardous substances to more than one medium (e.g., a wastepile releasing to air and ground water), treat the release to EACH medium as a separate source and complete Section II. Parts A. B. and C. of this format for EACH medium affected.

	R x (stack x or area) If the medium affected is air, please also specify whether the arce is a stack or a ground-based area source.
	If identified source is a stack, indicate stack height: 240 feet or meters; OR
	If identified source is an area source (e.g., waste pile, landfill, valves, tank vents, pump seals, fugitive emissions), indicate surface area: square feet or square meters.
 ∂ sī	JRFACE WATER (stream, lake, or other)
1	If the release affects any surface water body, give the name of the water body.
	If the release affects a stream, give the stream order or average flow rate, in cubic feet per second. stream order: or average flow rate: cubic feet/second; OR
	If the release affects a lake, give the surface area of the lake in acres and the average depth in meters. surface area of lake: acres and average depth of lake: meters.

Optional Information

The following information is not required in the final rule; however, such information will assist EPA in evaluating the risks associated with the continuous release. If this information is not provided, EPA will make conservative assumptions about the appropriate values. Please note that the units specified below are suggested units. You may use other units; however, be certain that the units are clearly identified.

For a stack release to air, provide the following information, if available:				
Inside diameter	feet or meters			
Gas Exit Velocity	feet/second or			
·	meters/second			
Cas Tamperature	degrees Enhranheit			

Kelvin, or Celsius

For a release to surface water, provide the following information, if available:

Average Velocity ______ feet/second of Surface Water

(continued)

CR-ERNS Number:

522820; 522823 522822; 522818;

Part C, Identity and Quantity of Each Hazardous Substance or Mixture Released From Each Source

Please provide a SEPARATE sheet for EACH source. Photocopy this page if necessary.

Name of Source:

Conesville Auxiliary Boiler A

List each hazardous substance released from the source identified above and provide the following information. (For an example, see Tuble 1 of Reporting Requirements for Continuous Releases of Hazardous Substances · A Guide for Facilities and Vessels on Compliance.)

	į	Norma	Normal Kange	Number of Days	Total Quantity		
	-	(in lbs. wk	(in lbs. wkkg per day)*	Release Occurs	Released in Previous Year	Months of the	
Name of Hazardous Substance	CASRN#	Upper Bound	Lower Bound	(per year)	(in lbs. wrkg)*	Release	
Calcium arsenate	7778-44-1	0.003	0	l or more	0.003	12 or more	
Mercury	7439-97-6	0.0002	0	l or more	0.0002	12 or more	
Selenium oxide	7446-08-4	0.001	0	l or more	0,001	12 or more	
Hydrochloric acid	7647-01-0	1.2	0	l or more	1.2	12 or more	
Hydrofluoric acid	7664-39-3	0.056	0	l or more	0.056	12 or more	
Sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	3.6	0	l or more		or	
Nitrogen oxide	10102-43-9	69	0	l or more	69	10	
Nitrogen dioxide	10102-44-0	3.6	0	l or more	3.6	12 or more	

List each mixture released from the source identified above and provide the following information. (For an example, see Table 2 of Reporting Requirements for Continuous Releases of Hazardous Substances - A Guide for Facilities and Vessels on Compliance.)

		Months	of the	Release
	Iotal Quantily of	Mixture Released	in Previous Year	(in lbs. or kg)
	Number of	Days Release	Occurs	(per year)
Normal Range of	Mixture	(in lbs. or kg per day)*	Upper Lower	Bound Bound
Normal Range of	Components	(in lbs. or kg per day)*	Weight Upper Lower	Percentage Bound Bound
		•		CASRN# I
	Name of	Hazardous	Substance	Components
				Name of Mixture

SECTION II: SOURCE INFORMATION (continued)

CR-ERNS Number:

522818; 522820; 522822; 522823

Part C. Identity and Quantity of Each Hazardous Substance or Mixture Released From Each Source

Please provide a SEPARATE sheet for EACH source. Photocopy this page if necessary.

Name of Source:

Conesville Auxiliary Boiler 1

List each hazardous substance released from the source identified above and provide the following information. (For an example, see Table 1 of Reporting Requirements for Continuous Releases of Hazardous Substances - A Guide for Facilities and Vessels on Compliance.)

		Norma	Normal Range	Number of Days	Total Quantity	
		(in lbs. ork	(in lbs. wrkg per day)*	Release Occurs	Released in Previous Year	Months of the
Name of Hazardous Substance	CASRN#	Upper Bound	Lower Bound	(per year)	(in lbs. wrkg)*	Release
Calcium arsenate	7778-44-1	0.003	0	l or more	0.003	12 or more
Mercury	7439-97-6	0.0002	0	l or more	0.0002	12 or more
Selenium oxide	7446-08-4	0.001		l or more	0.001	12 or more
Hydrochloric acid	7647-01-0	1.2	0	l or more	1.2	12 or more
Hydrofluoric acid	7664-39-3	0.056	0	l or more	0.056	
Sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	3.6	0	l or more	် မ ို ဇ	or
Nitrogen oxide	10102-43-9	69	0	l or more	69	or
Nitrogen dioxide	10102-44-0	3,6	0	l or more	3.6	or

List each mixture released from the source identified above and provide the following information. (For an example, see Table 2 of Reporting Requirements for Continuous Releases of Hazardous Substances - A Guide for Facilities and Vessels on Compliance.)

,		Months	of the	Release	
(iotal Quantity of	e Mixture Released	in Previous Year	(in lbs. or kg)	
	Number of	Days Release	Occurs	(per year)	
NOTINE NAMES OF	Mixture	(in lbs. or kg per day)*	Upper Lower	Bound Bound	
IVOI III IV AII BE OI	Components	(in lbs. or kg per day)*	Upper Lower	e Bound Bound	
		•	=	Percentage	
			•	CASRN#	
•	Name of	Hazardous	Substance	Components	
			-	Name of Mixture	

^{*} Please be sure to include units where appropriate. Also, if the release is a radionuclide, units of curies (CI) are appropriate.

CR-ERNS Number: 5

522818; 522820;

522822; 522823

Calculation of the SSI Trigger

For EACH hazardous substance or hazardous substance component of a mixture indicated in Section II, Part C, list the names of the releasing sources and their upper bounds. Please use a SEPARATE sheet for EACH hazardous substance. Photocopy this page if necessary.

Name of Hazardous Substance:

Nitrogen oxide

To calculate the SSI trigger (i.e., the upper bound of the normal range of a release) for the hazardous substance identified above, aggregate the upper bounds of the normal range of the identified hazardous substance across all sources identified in Section II, Part C. If the hazardous substance is also a component of a mixture, be certain to include the upper bound of the component as calculated in Section II, Part C, in your calculation of the SSI trigger.

Name of Source(s)

Upper Bound of the Normal Range of the Release (specify lbs., kgx85 56)

Conesville Stack CS012	99,622
Conesville Stack 3	31,303
Conesville Stack 4	120,743
Conesville Stack CS056	129,130

TOTAL - SSI trigger for this hazardous substance release*:

380,798 lbs.

^{*} This method for calculating the SSI trigger for the hazardous substance assumes that all releases of the same hazardous substance or mixture occur simultaneously. To the extent that a hazardous substance is released from your facility from different sources and at different frequencies, you may adjust the SSI trigger as appropriate, so that it more accurately reflects the frequency and quantity of the release. The SSI trigger in the final analysis must reflect the upper bound of the normal range of the release, taking into consideration all sources of the release at the facility or vessel. The normal range of the release includes all releases previously reported or occurring over a 24-hour period during the previous year.

CR-ERNS Number:

522818; 522820;

522822; 522823

Calculation of the SSI Trigger

For EACH hazardous substance or hazardous substance component of a mixture indicated in Section II, Part C, list the names of the releasing sources and their upper bounds. Please use a SEPARATE sheet for EACH hazardous substance. Photocopy this page if necessary.

Name of Hazardous Substance:

Nitrogen dioxide

To calculate the SSI trigger (i.e., the upper bound of the normal range of a release) for the hazardous substance identified above, aggregate the upper bounds of the normal range of the identified hazardous substance across all sources identified in Section II, Part C. If the hazardous substance is also a component of a mixture, be certain to include the upper bound of the component as calculated in Section II, Part C, in your calculation of the SSI trigger.

Name of Source(s)

Upper Bound of the Normal Range of the Release (specify lbs., keeper Sid)

Conesville S	tack CS012	?		5,243
Conesville S	Stack 3	•	:	1,648
Conesville S	stack 4			6,355
Conesville S	tack CS056) }		6,796

TOTAL - SSI trigger for this hazardous substance release*:

20,042 lbs.

^{*} This method for calculating the SSI trigger for the hazardous substance assumes that all releases of the same hazardous substance or mixture occur simultaneously. To the extent that a hazardous substance is released from your facility from different sources and at different frequencies, you may adjust the SSI trigger as appropriate, so that it more accurately reflects the frequency and quantity of the release. The SSI trigger in the final analysis must reflect the upper bound of the normal range of the release, taking into consideration all sources of the release at the facility or vessel. The normal range of the release includes all releases previously reported or occurring over a 24-hour period during the previous year.

CR-ERNS Number:

522818; 522820;

522822; 522823

Calculation of the SSI Trigger

For EACH hazardous substance or hazardous substance component of a mixture indicated in Section II, Part C, list the names of the releasing sources and their upper bounds. Please use a SEPARATE sheet for EACH hazardous substance. Photocopy this page if necessary.

Name of Hazardous Substance:

Hydrochloric acid

To calculate the SSI trigger (i.e., the upper bound of the normal range of a release) for the hazardous substance identified above, aggregate the upper bounds of the normal range of the identified hazardous substance across all sources identified in Section II, Part C. If the hazardous substance is also a component of a mixture, be certain to include the upper bound of the component as calculated in Section II, Part C, in your calculation of the SSI trigger.

Name of Source(s)

Conesville Stack CS012	4,212
Conesville Stack 3	2,722
Conesville Stack 4	10,620
Conesville Stack CS056	12,819

TOTAL - SSI trigger for this hazardous substance release*:

30,373 lbs.

^{*} This method for calculating the SSI trigger for the hazardous substance assumes that all releases of the same hazardous substance or mixture occur simultaneously. To the extent that a hazardous substance is released from your facility from different sources and at different frequencies, you may adjust the SSI trigger as appropriate, so that it more accurately reflects the frequency and quantity of the release. The SSI trigger in the final analysis must reflect the upper bound of the normal range of the release, taking into consideration all sources of the release at the facility or vessel. The normal range of the release includes all releases previously reported or occurring over a 24-hour period during the previous year.

CR-ERNS Number:

522818; 522820;

522822; 522823

Calculation of the SSI Trigger

For EACH hazardous substance or hazardous substance component of a mixture indicated in Section II, Part C, list the names of the releasing sources and their upper bounds. Please use a SEPARATE sheet for EACH hazardous substance. Photocopy this page if necessary.

Name of Hazardous Substance:

Hydrogen fluoride

To calculate the SSI trigger (i.e., the upper bound of the normal range of a release) for the hazardous substance identified above, aggregate the upper bounds of the normal range of the identified hazardous substance across all sources identified in Section II, Part C. If the hazardous substance is also a component of a mixture, be certain to include the upper bound of the component as calculated in Section II, Part C, in your calculation of the SSI trigger.

Name of Source(s)

Upper Bound of the Normal Range of the Release (specify lbs. xkg xxxx (Si)

Conesville Stack	CS012	430
Conesville Stack	3	278
Conesville Stack	4	1,084
Conesville Stack	CS056	1 309

TOTAL - SSI trigger for this hazardous substance release*:

3,101 lbs.

^{*} This method for calculating the SSI trigger for the hazardous substance assumes that all releases of the same hazardous substance or mixture occur simultaneously. To the extent that a hazardous substance is released from your facility from different sources and at different frequencies, you may adjust the SSI trigger as appropriate, so that it more accurately reflects the frequency and quantity of the release. The SSI trigger in the final analysis must reflect the upper bound of the normal range of the release, taking into consideration all sources of the release at the facility or vessel. The normal range of the release includes all releases previously reported or occurring over a 24-hour period during the previous year.

CR-ERNS Number:

522818; 522820;

522822; 522823

Calculation of the SSI Trigger

For EACH hazardous substance or hazardous substance component of a mixture indicated in Section II, Part C, list the names of the releasing sources and their upper bounds. Please use a SEPARATE sheet for EACH hazardous substance. Photocopy this page if necessary.

Name of Hazardous Substance:

Sulfuric acid

To calculate the SSI trigger (i.e., the upper bound of the normal range of a release) for the hazardous substance identified above, aggregate the upper bounds of the normal range of the identified hazardous substance across all sources identified in Section II, Part C. If the hazardous substance is also a component of a mixture, be certain to include the upper bound of the component as calculated in Section II, Part C, in your calculation of the SSI trigger.

Name of Source(s)

Upper Bound of the Normal Range of the Release (specify lbs., kegyoox (2))

Conesville :	Stack	CS012	2,593
Conesville S	Stack	3	1,720
Conesville S	Stack	4	3,868
Conesville S	Stack	CS056	3,381

TOTAL - SSI trigger for this hazardous substance release*: 11,562 lbs.

^{*} This method for calculating the SSI trigger for the hazardous substance assumes that all releases of the same hazardous substance or mixture occur simultaneously. To the extent that a hazardous substance is released from your facility from different sources and at different frequencies, you may adjust the SSI trigger as appropriate, so that it more accurately reflects the frequency and quantity of the release. The SSI trigger in the final analysis must reflect the upper bound of the normal range of the release, taking into consideration all sources of the release at the facility or vessel. The normal range of the release includes all releases previously reported or occurring over a 24-hour period during the previous year.



CR ERNS Number:

522818; 522820;

522822; 522823

Calculation of the SSI Trigger

For EACH hazardous substance or hazardous substance component of a mixture indicated in Section II, Part C, list the names of the releasing sources and their upper bounds. Please use a SEPARATE sheet for EACH hazardous substance. Photocopy this page if necessary.

Name of Hazardous Substance:

Mercury

To calculate the SSI trigger (i.e., the upper bound of the normal range of a release) for the hazardous substance identified above, aggregate the upper bounds of the normal range of the identified hazardous substance across all sources identified in Section II, Part C. If the hazardous substance is also a component of a mixture, be certain to include the upper bound of the component as calculated in Section II; Part C, in your calculation of the SSI trigger.

Name of Source(s)	Upper Bound of the Normal Range of the Release (specify lbs.xkgx8x&i)
Conesville Stack CS012	0.9
Conesville Stack 3	0.6
Conesville Stack 4	2.3
Conesville Stack CS056	2.2

TOTAL - SSI trigger for this hazardous substance release*:

^{*} This method for calculating the SSI trigger for the hazardous substance assumes that all releases of the same hazardous substance or mixture occur simultaneously. To the extent that a hazardous substance is released from your facility from different sources and at different frequencies, you may adjust the SSI trigger as appropriate, so that it more accurately reflects the frequency and quantity of the release. The SSI trigger in the final analysis must reflect the upper bound of the normal range of the release, taking into consideration all sources of the release at the facility or vessel. The normal range of the release includes all releases previously reported or occurring over a 24-hour period during the previous year.

CR-ERNS Number:

522818; 522820;

522822; 522823 -

Calculation of the SSI Trigger

For EACH hazardous substance or hazardous substance component of a mixture indicated in Section II, Part C, list the names of the releasing sources and their upper bounds. Please use a SEPARATE sheet for EACH hazardous substance. Photocopy this page if necessary.

Name of Hazardous Substance:

Selenium dioxide

To calculate the SSI trigger (i.e., the upper bound of the normal range of a release) for the hazardous substance identified above, aggregate the upper bounds of the normal range of the identified hazardous substance across all sources identified in Section II, Part C. If the hazardous substance is also a component of a mixture, be certain to include the upper bound of the component as calculated in Section II, Part C, in your calculation of the SSI trigger.

Name of Source(s)	Upper Bound of the Normal Range of the Release (specify lbs., kgrot (Si))
Conesville Stack CS012	11.8
Conesville Stack 3	7.6
Conesville Stack 4	29.8
Conesville Stack CS056	36.0

TOTAL - SSI trigger for this hazardous substance release*:

85.2 lbs.

^{*} This method for calculating the SSI trigger for the hazardous substance assumes that all releases of the same hazardous substance or mixture occur simultaneously. To the extent that a hazardous substance is released from your facility from different sources and at different frequencies, you may adjust the SSI trigger as appropriate, so that it more accurately reflects the frequency and quantity of the release. The SSI trigger in the final analysis must reflect the upper bound of the normal range of the release, taking into consideration all sources of the release at the facility or vessel. The normal range of the release includes all releases previously reported or occurring over a 24-hour period during the previous year.

CR-ERNS Number: 522822; 522823

522818; 522820;

Calculation of the SSI Trigger

For EACH hazardous substance or hazardous substance component of a mixture indicated in Section II, Part C, list the names of the releasing sources and their upper bounds. Please use a SEPARATE sheet for EACH hazardous substance. Photocopy this page if necessary.

Name of Hazardous Substance:

Calcium arsenate

To calculate the SSI trigger (i.e., the upper bound of the normal range of a release) for the hazardous substance identified above, aggregate the upper bounds of the normal range of the identified hazardous substance across all sources identified in Section II, Part C. If the hazardous substance is also a component of a mixture, be certain to include the upper bound of the component as calculated in Section II, Part C, in your calculation of the SSI trigger.

Name of Source(s)

Upper Bound of the Normal Range of the Release (specify lbs.xkgxonGiz

Conesville Stack CS012	5.2
Conesville Stack 3	3.4
Conesville Stack 4	13.5
Conesville Stack CS056	11.5

TOTAL - SSI trigger for this hazardous substance release*:

^{*} This method for calculating the SSI trigger for the hazardous substance assumes that all releases of the same hazardous substance or mixture occur simultaneously. To the extent that a hazardous substance is released from your facility from different sources and at different frequencies, you may adjust the SSI trigger as appropriate, so that it more accurately reflects the frequency and quantity of the release. The SSI trigger in the final analysis must reflect the upper bound of the normal range of the release, taking into consideration all sources of the release at the facility or vessel. The normal range of the release includes all releases previously reported or occurring over a 24-hour period during the previous year.

CR-ERNS Number:

522818; 522820;

522822; 522823

Calculation of the SSI Trigger

For EACH hazardous substance or hazardous substance component of a mixture indicated in Section II, Part C, list the names of the releasing sources and their upper bounds. Please use a SEPARATE sheet for EACH hazardous substance. Photocopy this page if necessary.

Name of Hazardous Substance:

Cyanides

To calculate the SSI trigger (i.e., the upper bound of the normal range of a release) for the hazardous substance identified above, aggregate the upper bounds of the normal range of the identified hazardous substance across all sources identified in Section II, Part C. If the hazardous substance is also a component of a mixture, be certain to include the upper bound of the component as calculated in Section II, Part C, in your calculation of the SSI trigger.

Name of Source(s)	Upper Bound of the Normal Range of the Release (specify lbs., kgxxpx(Cr)
Conesville Stack CS012	8.9
Conesville Stack 3	7.6
Conesville Stack 4	17.8
Conesville Stack CS056	22.9

TOTAL - SSI trigger for this hazardous substance release*: 57.2 lbs.

^{*} This method for calculating the SSI trigger for the hazardous substance assumes that all releases of the same hazardous substance or mixture occur simultaneously. To the extent that a hazardous substance is released from your facility from different sources and at different frequencies, you may adjust the SSI trigger as appropriate, so that it more accurately reflects the frequency and quantity of the release. The SSI trigger in the final analysis must reflect the upper bound of the normal range of the release, taking into consideration all sources of the release at the facility or vessel. The normal range of the release includes all releases previously reported or occurring over a 24-hour period during the previous year.